Food and Drug Administration, HHS

(b) Classification. Class I (general controls). The device is exempt from the premarket notification procedures in subpart E of part 807 of this chapter subject to §864.9.

[45 FR 60585, Sept. 12, 1980, as amended at 65 FR 2310, Jan. 14, 2000]

§ 864.2360 Mycoplasma detection media and components.

- (a) Identification. Mycoplasma detection media and components are used to detect and isolate mycoplasma pleuropneumonia-like organisms (PPLO), a common microbial contaminant in cell cultures.
- (b) Classification. Class I. These devices are exempt from the premarket notification procedures in subpart E of part 807 of this chapter.

[45 FR 60586, Sept. 12, 1980, as amended at 54 FR 25044, June 12, 1989]

§864.2800 Animal and human sera.

- (a) *Identification*. Animal and human sera are biological products, obtained from the blood of humans or other animals, that provide the necessary growth-promoting nutrients in a cell culture system.
- (b) Classification. Class I. The devices are exempt from the premarket notification procedures in subpart E of part 807 of this chapter.

[45 FR 60586, Sept. 12, 1980, as amended at 54 FR 25044, June 12, 1989]

§864.2875 Balanced salt solutions or formulations.

- (a) *Identification*. A balanced salt solution or formulation is a defined mixture of salts and glucose in a simple medium. This device is included as a necessary component of most cell culture systems. This media component controls for pH, osmotic pressure, energy source, and inorganic ions.
- (b) Classification. Class I. These devices are exempt from the premarket notification procedures in subpart E of part 807 of this chapter.

[45 FR 60586, Sept. 12, 1980, as amended at 54 FR 25044, June 12, 1989]

Subpart D—Pathology Instrumentation and Accessories

§864.3010 Tissue processing equipment.

- (a) Identification. Tissue processing equipment consists of devices used to prepare human tissue specimens for diagnostic histological examination by processing specimens through the various stages of decalcifying, infiltrating, sectioning, and mounting on microscope slides.
- (b) Classification. Class I. The device is exempt from the premarket notification procedures in subpart E of part 807 of this chapter. The device is also exempt from the current good manufacturing practice regulations in part 820 of this chapter, with the exception of \$820.180, with respect to general requirements concerning records, and \$820.198, with respect to complaint files

[45 FR 60587, Sept. 12, 1980, as amended at 54 FR 25044, June 12, 1989]

§864.3250 Specimen transport and storage container.

- (a) Identification. A specimen transport and storage container, which may be empty or prefilled, is a device intended to contain biological specimens, body waste, or body exudate during storage and transport in order that the matter contained therein can be destroyed or used effectively for diagnostic examination. If prefilled, the device contains a fixative solution or other general purpose reagent to preserve the condition of a biological specimen added to the container.
- (b) Classification. Class I (general controls). The device is exempt from the premarket notification procedures in subpart E of part 807 of this chapter subject to §864.9. If the device is not labeled or otherwise represented as sterile, it is exempt from the current good manufacturing practice regulations in part 820 of this chapter, with the exception of §820.180 of this chapter, with respect to general requirements concerning records, and §820.198 of this chapter, with respect to complaint files.

 $[54\ FR\ 47206,\ Nov.\ 13,\ 1989,\ as\ amended\ at\ 65\ FR\ 2310,\ Jan.\ 14,\ 2000]$

§864.3260

EFFECTIVE DATE NOTE: At 65 FR 18234, Apr. 7, 2000, §864.3250 was amended by adding a sentence to the end of paragraph (a), effective Apr. 9, 2001. At 66 FR 17359, Mar. 30, 2001, the effective date was delayed until June 8, 2001. For the convenience of the user, the added text is set forth as follows:

§864.3250 Specimen transport and storage containers.

(a) * * * This section does not apply to specimen transport and storage containers that are intended for use as part of an overthe-counter test sample collection system for drugs of abuse testing.

* * * * *

§864.3260 OTC test sample collection systems for drugs of abuse testing.

(a) Identification. An over-the-counter (OTC) test sample collection system for drugs of abuse testing is a device intended to: Collect biological specimens (such as hair, urine, sweat, or saliva), outside of a medical setting and not on order of a health care professional (e.g., in the home, insurance, sports, or workplace setting); maintain the integrity of such specimens during storage and transport in order that the matter contained therein can be tested in a laboratory for the presence of drugs of abuse or their metabolites; and provide access to test results and counseling. This section does not apply to collection, transport, or laboratory testing of biological specimens for the presence of drugs of abuse or their metabolites that is performed to develop evidence for law enforcement purposes.

(b) Classification. Class I (general controls). The device is exempt from the premarket notification requirements in part 807, subpart E of this chapter subject to the limitations in §864.9 if it is sold, distributed, and used in accordance with the restrictions set forth in §809.40 of this chapter. If the device is not labeled or otherwise represented as sterile, it is exempt from the current good manufacturing practice regulations in part 820 of this chapter, with the exception of §820.198 of this chapter with respect to complaint files.

[65 FR 18234, Apr. 7, 2000]

EFFECTIVE DATE NOTE: At 65 FR 18234, Apr. 7, 2000, \S 864.3260 was added to subpart D, effective Apr. 9, 2001. At 66 FR 17359, Mar. 30,

2001, the effective date was delayed until June 8, 2001.

§864.3300 Cytocentrifuge.

(a) *Identification*. A cytocentrifuge is a centrifuge used to concentrate cells from biological cell suspensions (e.g., cerebrospinal fluid) and to deposit these cells on a glass microscope slide for cytological examination.

(b) Classification. Class I. The device is exempt from the premarket notification procedures in subpart E of part 807 of this chapter.

[45 FR 60588, Sept. 12, 1980, as amended at 54 FR 25044, June 12, 1989]

§864.3400 Device for sealing microsections

- (a) *Identification*. A device for sealing microsections is an automated instrument used to seal stained cells and microsections for histological and cytological examination.
- (b) Classification. Class I. The device is exempt from the premarket notification procedures in subpart E of part 807 of this chapter.

[45 FR 60589, Sept. 12, 1980, as amended at 54 FR 25044, June 12, 1989]

§ 864.3600 Microscopes and acces sories.

- (a) Identification. Microscopes and accessories are optical instruments used to enlarge images of specimens, preparations, and cultures for medical purposes. Variations of microscopes and accessories (through a change in the light source) used for medical purposes include the following:
- (1) Phase contrast microscopes, which permit visualization of unstained preparations by altering the phase relationship of light that passes around the object and through the object.
- (2) Fluorescense microscopes, which permit examination of specimens stained with fluorochromes that fluoresce under ultraviolet light.
- (3) Inverted stage microscopes, which permit examination of tissue cultures or other biological specimens contained in bottles or tubes with the light source mounted above the specimen.
- (b) Classification. Class I. These devices are exempt from the premarket